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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/245,277	02/05/1999	PAUL P. WORLEY	10496/005001	4724
7.	590 01/17/2002			
Lisa A Haile			EXAMINER	
Suite 1600	re & Freidenrich LLP		CHERNYSHEV, OLGA N	
4365 Executive Drive San Diego, CA 92121-2189			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
<b>3</b> /			1646	16
		DATE MAILED: 01/17/2002	-	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Offic Action Summary		09/245,277	WORLEY ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	-	Olga N. Chernyshev	1646			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□		is action is non-final.				
3)						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-43</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)[	Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-43</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
Application	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)□ 1	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	•				
400	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •			
11)[]	he proposed drawing correction filed on	· /— ·· /— ··	oved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) - Application/Control Number: 09/245,277

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

1. Upon reconsideration of the previous restriction mailed October 02, 2000 a new restriction is as follows:

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-7, 12-13, drawn to nucleic acids and host cells, classified in class 435, subclass 69.1, for example.
- II. Claims 8-11, drawn to polypeptides, classified in class 530, subclass 350, for example.
- III. Claims 14-16, drawn to antibodies, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1, for example.
- IV. Claims 17-25, drawn to cDNA libraries, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1, for example.
- V. Claim 26, drawn to a method of obtaining immediate early gene nucleic acid, classified in class undetermined, subclass undetermined.
- VI. Claims 27-30, drawn to a method of treating an animal by administering a nucleic acid, classified in class 514, subclass 44, for example.
- VII. Claim 31, drawn to a method of treating an animal by administering a polypeptide, classified in class 514, subclass 2, for example.
- IIX. Claim 32, drawn to a method of treating an animal by administering cells, classified in class 424, subclass 93.1, for example.

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IX. Claims 33-34, drawn to a method of treating an animal by administering an antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1, for example.

- X. Claims 35-38, drawn to a method of identifying a compound involving a nucleic acid, classified in class undetermined, subclass undetermined, for example.
- XI. Claims 39-41, drawn to a method of identifying a compound involving a polypeptide, classified in class undetermined, subclass undetermined, for example.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions (I, IV) and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the nucleic acids of Groups (I, IV) and polypeptides of Group II are distinct inventions because they are physically and functionally distinct chemical entities, and the protein product can be made by another and materially different process, such as by synthetic peptide synthesis or purification from the natural source. Further, the DNA may be used for the processes other than the production of the protein, such as nucleic acid hybridization assay.
- 3. Inventions (I, IV) and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to products that are distinct both physically and functionally, are not required one for the other, and are therefore patentably distinct. Further, antibodies of Group

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III can also be used in materially different methods, such as in various diagnostic (e.g. as a probe in immunoassays or immunochromatography), or therapeutic methods.

- 4. Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polypeptides of Group II and antibodies of Group III are distinct inventions because they are physically and functionally distinct chemical entities, and because the protein can be used in another and entirely different process from the use for production of the antibody, such as in a pharmaceutical composition in its own right, or to assay or purify the natural ligand of the protein.
- 5. Inventions V, VI, VII, IIX, IX, X and XI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to different methods that recite structurally and functionally distinct elements, are not required one for the other, achieve different goals, and therefore constitute patentably distinct inventions.
- 6. Inventions II and (VI, XI) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polypeptides of Group II could be used in an entirely

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different manner such as for the production of antibodies rather than in the methods of Groups (VI, XI).

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- 7. Inventions II and (V, VI, IIX, IX, X) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not required one for the other in that the polypeptides of Group II are not required for the methods of Groups (V, VI, IIX, IX, X).
- 8. Inventions I and (VI, IIX, X) are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the nucleic acids of Group I could be used in an entirely different manner such as for the production of proteins rather than in the methods of Groups (VI, IIX, X).
- 9. Inventions I and (V, VII, IX, XI) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not required one for the other in that the nucleic acids of Group I are not required for the methods of Groups (V, VII, IX, XI).
- 10. Inventions III and IX are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product

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as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP

§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antibodies of Group III could be used in an entirely different

manner such as for the purification of proteins rather than in the method of Group IX.

11. Inventions II and (V-IIX, X, XI) are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be

shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of

operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the

instant case the different inventions are not required one for the other in that the antibodies of

Group III are not required for the methods of Groups (V-IIX, X, XI).

12. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a

separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, recognized divergent subject

matter and non-coextensive literature searches, restriction for examination purposes as indicated

is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an

election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR

1.143).

13. The claims of Groups I-III and VI-XI are drawn to a multitude of nucleic acids (SEQ ID

NO:1-57) and, respectively, to a multitude of polypeptides. This constitutes recitation of an

implied, mis-joined Markush group that contains multiple, independent and distinct inventions.

Each of the different nucleic acids/ polypeptides is independent and distinct because no common

structural or functional properties are shared. Accordingly, these claims are subject to restriction

under 35 U.S.C. § 121.

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Upon election of one of Groups I-III and VI-XI, Applicant is additionally required to elect a single nucleic acid or polypeptide. This requirement is not to be construed as a requirement for an election of species, since each of the compounds recited in alternative form is not a member of a single genus of invention, but constitutes an independent and patentably distinct invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olga N. Chernyshev whose telephone number is (703) 305-1003. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 9 AM to 5 PM ET.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler can be reached on (703) 308-6564. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-0294 for regular communications and (703) 308-0294 for After Final communications.

Certain papers related to this application may be submitted to Technology Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technology Center 1600 via the PTO Fax center located in Crystal Mall 1 (CM1). The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993) and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (see 37 C.F.R. § 1.6(d)0. NOTE: If Applicant *does* submit a paper by fax, the original signed copy should be retained by Applicant or Applicant's representative. NO DUPLICATE COPIES SHOULD BE SUBMITTED so as to avoid the processing of duplicate papers.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4556 or (703) 308-4242. If either of these numbers is out of service, please call the Group receptionist for an alternative

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number. Faxed draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (703) 308-0294. Official papers should NOT be faxed to (703) 308-0294.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Olga N. Chernyshev, Ph.D.

January 14, 2002

JOHN ULM PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800